1. Write down the next two terms in the following quadratic sequence.

$$n^2 + n + 7$$
 (2)

2. Write down the next two terms in the following quadratic sequence.

$$2n^2-n-6$$
 (2)

3. The nth term of a sequence is

$$2n^2 + 4n - 1$$

Work out the 10th term of the sequence

$$2(10)^{2} + 4(10) - 1$$

$$2(100) + 40 - 1$$

$$200 + 40 - 1$$

4. The nth term of a sequence is

$$n^2 + 2n$$

Work out the first 5 terms in the sequence

$$(1)^{2} + 2(1) = 3$$

$$(2)^{2} + 2(2) = 8$$

$$(3)^{2} + 2(3) = 15$$

$$(4)^{2} + 2(4) = 24$$

$$(5)^{2} + 2(5) = 35$$

5. Work out the formula for the nth term of the quadratic sequence:

$$n^{2} + 3n + 1$$
. (4)

6. Work out the formula for the nth term of the quadratic sequence:

$$2n^{2} + 2n - 2(4)$$

7. Work out the formula for the nth term of the quadratic sequence:

$$n^2 + n + 13$$
 (4)

8. Work out the formula for the nth term of the quadratic sequence:

$$3n^2 - n$$
 (4)

9. Work out the formula for the nth term of the quadratic sequence:

$$-n^2-n+21$$
 (4)

10. Work out the formula for the nth term of the quadratic sequence:

$$\frac{1}{2}n^2 - \frac{1}{2}n - 2(4)$$

11. A quadratic sequence starts:

a) Show that the nth term is $n^2 + n + 4$

$$n^2 + n + 4 + (4)$$

b) Hence find the term that has value 136

$$n^{2} + n + 4 = 136$$

$$n^{2} + n - 132 = 0$$

$$(n + 12) (n - 11) = 0$$

$$n = -12 \quad n = 11$$

....!
$$\int_{-\infty}^{\pi}$$
 (2)

12. A quadratic sequence starts:

a) Show that the nth term is $2n^2 + 4n - 14$

$$2n^2 + 4n - 14$$
 (4)

b) Hence find the term that has value 272

$$2n^{2} + 4n - 14 = 272$$

$$n^{2} + 2n - 7 = 136$$

$$n^{2} + 2n - 143 = 0$$

$$(n + 13)(n - 11) = 6$$

$$n = -13 \quad n = 11$$